Name:

Class:

The Fact File provides you with information that may or may not be true about Ancient Egypt.

Some of them are based on mere opinions. Your first task is to discern whether the claims made are true or otherwise.

- 1. Read carefully.
- 2. Tick the circle with "Fact" or "Opinion" based on your careful evaluation.
- 3. Write down your reasons in the box provided.

Some examples

#### Tutankhamun became Pharaoh at the age of 9.

I read it in a book called Everything Ancient Egypt by National Geographic that Tutankhamun became Pharoah in 1333 BCE when he was 9 years old. Because he was so young, he had advisors - General Horemheb and Ay, who helped him rule the country.





This information is from a non-fiction book created by a reliable author of the subject: National Geographic.

#### Tutankhamun was murdered.

There were many theories on Tutankhamun's death that I read online from websites like whokilledit.com that he was murdered by his vizier Av. I think he was murdered because when an archaeologist unwrapped his mummy, they found a dark patch of dried blood on the back of his skull.



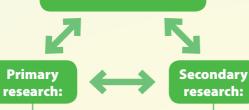


This information is from an unreliable website.

# Got a project coming up?

Visit http://www.nlb.gov.sg/sure/six-steps-tosuccess-2/ to find out what are the six steps to conduct a successful information search.

## Well-researched topic

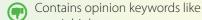


Start by doing a search through sites like Google, or Wikipedia to find interviews, memoirs, and summaries about the subject. But don't just stop here!

found in primary research with books, scholarly journals and databases to ensure facts are extracted accurately.

# What to look out for when reading information

### **LESS RELIABLE**



- I think...
  - I believe...
- I feel...
- Unverified information
  - Someone told me...
  - I read it somewhere...
  - Mv friend said...
  - I saw it on YouTube/Wikipedia/Facebook...
- Website has not been updated
- Spelling or grammar errors
- Examples:
  - Blogs
  - Web forums
  - Individual or business websites
  - Materials published by an organisation or individual that may have an ulterior motive

#### **MORE RELIABLE**

- Contains research statistics that can be cross-checked with reputable sources. There will also be citations in the source.
- Constant updates to websites
- Attempts to remain neutral
- The creator of website is reliable or the author has relevant qualifications on the subject
- Reliable domain name of websites:
  - edu = educational
  - com= commercial
  - mil = military
  - gov = government
  - org = non-profit

Cross-check information

## Ancient Egyptians died from sand baths.

**Ancient Egyptians ate hedgehogs** 

I went to the public library and borrowed a book about

Ancient Egypt. The book mentioned that Ancient Egyptians

ate hippos, gazelles, cranes as well as smaller animals such

as hedgehogs for meals. I believe this to be true since the

information is from a book that is available at the library.

**OPINION** 

River Nile is the longest river in the world!

Using an online encyclopedia, I found out that this river

is 6,650 km long! The encyclopedia stated that it flows

through Burundi to the Mediterranean Sea. It crosses

with a parasite called schistosoma. This tiny wormlike

) OPINION

creature will burrow into the skin and lay eggs.

Rwanda, Uganda, Sudan and of course Egypt! I was reading

that during Ancient Egyptian times, the river was swarming

a book I borrowed from the public library and it tells me

as part of their meals.

**FACT** 

) FACT

On egyptiansRkewl.blogspot.com, it claims that Ancient Egyptians enjoyed hot sand baths in their free time. Unfortunately, desert scorpions are abundant in warm sand. These nasty critters would emerge from the loosened sand and sting the Egyptians. The venomous sting could cause stupidity, hallucinations and sometimes, death.





## **Ancient Egyptian soldiers were** as young as 10 years old.

I read from the book Female Pharaohs Wore False Beards that a child would be signed up with the military once his family decided he was to have a military career. Children as young as five could join the army, though their actual time in the army didn't begin until much later. Life in the army was so good they even got to travel in chariots!







## **Fact File**

## The Ancient Egyptians liked to play board games.



I read from National Geographic Kids -Everything Ancient Egypt that the Egyptians liked to play board games such as Hounds and Jackals, Mehen and Senet. Though the rules for these games are long forgotten, there are modern games that are similar to the games Ancient Egyptians play now like Snakes and Ladders and Backgammon.





## The Egyptians only ever mummified people.

Ancient Egyptians were very fussy people, so they only mummified their kings. It was such a big deal to be mummified that only the richest Egyptians could afford to be mummified, because you would need a lot of gold to be buried with, and priests had to be hired to mummify you.







Dig deeper! Go beyond the initial source.

### There were only male Pharoahs in Egypt.

My friends say the only Pharoahs they've heard of are Tutankhamun, Ramses and Amenhotep. The word "Pharoah" also probably means "King", so there cannot be any female Pharoahs.





## Cleopatra died from an asp bite!

Asps were very easily available in the olden days, they were basically Egyptian cobras! I found out that asps are so poisonous from snakeswillkillyounow.com. It even killed Cleopatra, the last female pharaoh of Egypt!

I read about it in No Fear Shakespeare: Anthony and Cleopatra that she died from an asp bite so she could be with Anthony and live happily ever after.





Search for clarity, know what you're reading







